ducing the Governor to engage in the project of passage of retainatory legislation to "get even with Mayor Strong."

It was the expectation of influential Republicans iast evening that some member of the party of a much higher reputation as a lawyer would be selected by Governor Morton for Judge Martine's riace. Many believed that James A. Blanchard will be the man, Mr. Blanchard's high standing in his profession, his acknowledged fitness for the place and his Indical temperament were regarded as qualifications which the Governor would not be apt to overlook. Bestdes, Mr. Blanchard's services to the Republican party cover a period of over thirty years, and have been of a much higher order than those chalmed for Mr. Murray.

It was reported that Mr. Platt was also to bring down something in the way of an office to soothe the wounded sensibilities of Mr. Murray's partner in misery, Police Commissioner Michael Kerwin.

A Quarantine Commissionership, it was said, would satisfy General Kerwin, if Mr. Platt was able to secure it for him. The Governor would thus be called upon to take care of both these cast-off officials and adherents of Mr. Platt.

LEXOW POLICE BILL AND CIVIL SERVICE. PLAIN WORDS FROM COMMISSIONER C. W. WAT-SON-A HINT TO MR. LEXOW.

To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: Senator Stapleton's Civil Service amendment to the Lexow Police bill was yesterday voted down, Senator Stapleton himself previously giving notice that, should the amendment be killed, he

hoped the bill would pass without it.

The amendment to which he referred provided that men appointed to the police force should be selected from the eligible list certified by the Civil Service Board, and merely assured the continuance of the system prescribed by the present Civil Service law. The bill, without the amendment, provides that the Police Board itself shall formulate its own Civil Service regulations, appoint its own Civil Service examiners, exercise an uncontrolled supervision of its examinations and be responsible only to itself for the observance of its

I am a Republican, and have always voted the Republican ticket. I may count myself as one of the people upon whose votes Republican leaders depend for the success of their party, and as such I wish to protest against this repeal of the Civil Service law, at the very first moment that the rules adopted under it enforce its observance; for the Civil Service provision of the Lexow Police bill an opportune exhibit of the workings of the repeals the present Civil Service law as far as the Police Department is concerned, and restores to the province of the spoilsman about one-half of the total number of places now classified under it in this city.

WHAT THE SENATORS DID.

Every Republican Senator but two has voted for this attempt at its nullification, and every Re-publican Senator but one has expressed his willingness that the attempt should eventually succeed. One would think that the present repre-sentatives of the Republican party had gone mad, that they do not hesitate so to advertise their real hatred of the Civil Service reform which their party platforms have repeatedly commended. There was a two-hours debate upon the amendments proposed by Senator Stapleton, and I have searched the reports for an account of the argument with which the Republican Senators supported their cause, and found but one. That one was implied in the statement of Senator Lexow that "he dared Senator Cantor to deny that the Civil Service list was honeycombed with fraud."

The argument, therefore, is that the present Civil Service list of police eligibles is honeycombed with fraud, and that, for that reason, a new law is needed which shall forever prohibit the certification of police eligibles by the Civil Service Board. would think that the remedy for such a condition, if it exists, would be the cancellation of the present eligible list, and not the repeal of a law which had been in force ten years before such a charge

The facts are as follows: On March 19 last the Civil Service Commissioners informed the Police Board by letter that, as it was impossible to rerate the papers of all the candidates upon the eligible list for the police, "the Civil Service Board would the papers of all the camains upon the charges like to the police. The Civil Service Board would consider such general or specific charges as the Police Board desired to make." On March 19 there were 619 names upon the chigible list, we of whom had been examined on April 7, 1894, and it would have taken a month properly to re-examine the ratings. But eighteen days of the year for which the list was good remained, and not a single appointment had been made. Delegations of its members were daily interviewing the Mayor, the Police Commissioners and the Civil Service Commission to protest against the injustice to themselves and their families which was being perpetrated by the delay. The Police Board did not reply to the letter of the Civil Service Commission, but made a requisition for ten men, and the first ten men upon the eligible list were certified on March 29. Since then, two other requisitions have been made, and twenty-seven men have been appointed, those twenty-seven-for the first time since the Civil Service law was in force—being the twenty-seven who, in the order of merit indicated upon the 181, were entitled to appointment.

Ir the eligible list is tainted with fraud, as Senator Lexow charges, it is because in two instances fraudulent examination papers were possibly subtor Lexow charges, it is because in two instances fraudulent examination papers were possibly substituted while those papers were in charge of an Inspector of the Police Department. To remedy such a fraud by giving to the Police Department the sole control of the examinations is the height of absurdity. I have personally receved from homest members of the force a protest against any share in the examinations being accorded to police officers, the protest stating that, even when the intention was honest, the result would be unjust.

The present eligible list, whether tainted with fraud or not, terminates for the 539 examined last April on next Saturday, and the 533 unappointed, in order again to obtain their place upon it, will have to submit to examination as new applicants, and in competition with new applicants. The present Civil Service Board will guarantee the fairness of the examinations for which it shall be responsible. Its new rules have, for the first time, taken from the Police Department any share in Civil Service examinations, and have for the first time enforced appointments for merit and fitness. That enforcement of the law convinced Mr. Platt that the differences between himself and Mayor Strong were irreconcilable. If the Mayor was really in favor of Civil Service reform, there was nothing for it but open war!

It will not do for Senator Lexow to pretend that he is afraid of Messrs. Golkin and Wheeler. There are two Republicans upon the Civil Service Board, and one of the other three is not a Democrat. To the present moment, the Civil Service Commission so constituted has been unanimous in its action. If the Republican Senators desire to perpetuate the spoils system, they can only wreck their party. The people who elected Mayor Strong weed for Civil Service reform, and whatever party stands in the Way, they intend to secure it.

New-York City Civil Service Board, New Criminal Courts Building, April 4, 1885.

THE MAYOR'S COURSE APPROVED.

At a meeting held Wednesday evening of the Eighteenth Election District Republican Organization of the XXIXth Assembly District, resolutions were offered and carried indorsing and approving the appointments by Mayor Strong of Commis-sioners Brookfield, Einstein and Murray.

REPUBLICAN WOMEN OF HARLEM MEET. The Harlem Auxiliary of the Republican Women's National Association held an interesting meeting at the home of its president, Mrs. Edward Fridenberg, No. 2,619 Fifth-ave., on Wednesday after-

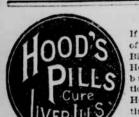
noon, at 3:39 o'clock.

Mrs. Cornelia Robinson, the club's delegate to the Remand Investigating Committee, gave an inter esting resume of the proceedings of the committee. Papers on the Brooklyn strike were read and de-bated by Mrs. Frances H. Parker and Mrs. Cornelia

The club decided to have a large reception, with music, recitations and speeches, on Wednesday evening of the last week of April, at the rooms of the Harlem Republican Club. Dr. John Shrady will probably be one of the speakers. The election of officers was postponed until next Wednesday, at the same hour and place. A spirited discussion of candidates' names revealed the fact that there are two distinct factions in the club, each having its own favorites for the offices of vice-president, recording and corresponding sectedaries and treasurer. After the adjournment of the meeting a luncheon was served.

Among those present were Mrs. F. Herring, Mrs. Lounsbery Case, Mrs. Eugene F. Daly, Mrs. Charles Mapes, Mrs. Stephen King, Mrs. H. J. Talmadge, Mrs. Angela Reid, Mrs. J. M. Beckwith, Mrs. A. Purcell, Mrs. William Lodge, Mrs. J. Ledwith and Misses Southworth, Platt, Marshall and Chase. The club decided to have a large reception, with

HOME AGAIN FROM SOUTH AMERICA. Among the passengers who arrived here on the steamer Coleridge yesterday afternoon from Brazilian ports were General Avery, of Georgia, who has visited South American countries to solicit exhibits for the Atlanta exposition, and John T. Lewis, Vice-Consul General of the United States at Rio de



Tonight If your liver is out of order, causing Billiousness, Sick Headache, Heart. burn or Constipation, take a dose of Hood's Pills on retiring, and to-mor-

row your digestive organs will be regulated and you will be bright, active and ready for any kind of work. This has been the experience of others. 25c. All druggists.

COLGATE & CO.'S

THE PEOPLE MAY DECIDE.

A QUESTION AS TO MUNICIPAL OWNER-SHIP OF RAILROADS.

THE ASSEMBLY HAS PASSED A BILL TO SUBMIT AT TO THE VOTERS OF CITIES, AND ALSO ORDERED A SEARCHING INVESTIGATION

INTO THE AFFAIRS OF RAPID

the question of municipal ownership of street railroads received an unexpected boost in the of the cities of the State, but also on Mr. Nixwho is chairman of the Assembly Committee on Railroads, has been for some time an ardent advocate of the transfer to the shoulders of the municipality of all the burdens and manage ment of interurban transit, and a week or two ago announced himself an active champion of Mr. Conkling's Submission bill.

Assuming that this measure would encounter but little opposition in the Assembly to-day, present system, which might be useful in guiding public sentiment at the municipal election next fall, when the question of ownership, by the terms of the Conkling bill, is to be decided by the voters. The Submission bill did go through this morning without the slightest difficulty, no one rising to say a word against it, and, having seen it safely passed by an overwhelming majority, Mr. Nixon at once brought forward his resolution, which, despite a protest from Mr. Ainsworth, the majority leader, was also agreed to. Under its terms Speaker Fish is to appoint a special committee of seven, which is empowered to sit both during the present session and after adjournment, and to make a searching inquiry into the financial and condition, the methods of operation and the degree of efficiency of the street railroad in every city of the State. A partial report is expected to be made before the end f the present session, and a final report before the November election or at the assembling of the Legislature next January. The text of Mr. Nixon's resolution is as follows:

large and come directly from the people of various cities, is growing throughout the State to such an excent as to demand a popular vote upon the question of municipal ownership; and.

Whereas, A bill is before this Legislature, previoling for a submission to a vote of the people of the various municipalities of the State, the question of municipal ownership of the street and elevated railroads of the various cities; and.

Whereas, It has been charged repeatedly in the newspapers of Brooklyn and New-York that certain railroad companies in the city of Brooklyn have watered to a large extent their capital stock and have leased their roads to foreign corporations, and included in these charges is the accusations that large sums of money have been taken either fraudulently from the treasury or wasted by the managers of the company leasing said read, and that the stockholders of the said companies have been unable to ascertain even the cost of construction of the roads referred to.

Resolved, That a committee of seven members of this House be appointed by the Speaker, whose duty it shall be to examine all matters pertaining to the cost of construction, expense of operation, capital stock and bonded indebteness, and the secretal management of the surface and elevated railroads of the various cities of the State, and such other matters pertaining to said roads as will give to the people of these managepatics proper investigation may be made previous to the adjournment of this Legislature, said committee to report to this House whatever investigation upon the question of the profits of said committee to report to this House whatever investigation may be made previous to the adjournment of this Legislature, said committee to send for persons and papers, to examine witnesses and employ counsel and such other assistance as may be required for such investigation and to incur such expenses in the premises as may be necessary to carry into effect the purpose of this resolution.

The resolution was adopted by a vote of 80 to

The resolution was adopted by a vote of 80 to 6. The following members voted against it: Babcock, Brown, Bullard, W. A. Clark, Houghton

and Kelsey.
Mr. Conkling's bill, which was passed, 77 to Mr. Conkling's bill, which was passed, 77 to 3, provides that at the next general election "there shall be submitted to a vote of the duly qualified electors of each city of the State the question of the ownership by such city of the framehises within its boundaries of all street railroads, whether operated on or below the surface of the street, and including also elevated railroads, and irrespective of the motive power which may be used in such railroads." The vote on the ownership question is to be by separate ballot, and all technical errors in marking or depositing ballots are to be expressly waived.

POLICE BILLS IN THE HOUSE.

A PLAN TO EXPEDITE FINAL ACTION ON THEM. Albany, April 4 (Special).- The introduction in the Police bills, does not indicate any purpose on the part of the Assembly managers to anticipate the Senate's final action on those measures. Mr O'Grady, who is the chairman of the Cities Com mittee, simply desires to have the police measure. in as advanced a parliamentary state as possible, so that if the Lexow bills come over from the Senats be made on third reading, and a vote on passage be taken at once. The Republicans in the Assembly are united in favor of the amended Lexow bills, which will pass the lower branch of the Legislature without any difficulty. There is little prospect of a vote, in the Assembly, however, before the middle of April. next week, or the week after, a substitution may

A LABOR INSPECTION BILL FAVORED. Albany, April 4.-At the session of the Assembly Committee on Trades and Manufactures this afternoon it was decided to report to the House favornual inspection of every mercantile establishme in the State where women and children are em-ployed. The measure has been amended so that the matter of Inspection is placed in the hands of local boards of health. There have been many hearings on the bill during the session, the Consumers' League, of New York Chy, appearing in its favor, and proprietors of large mercantile establishments arguing against it.

PLANS FOR GOOD ROADS.

Albany, April 4.—The special committee of the Assembly on highway improvement, consisting of Mexics. Highe, of Suffolk, Schoepflin, Vacheron, Armstrong, Krenrich, Staley and Tobin, have had an important meeting. The Chairman reported that the subject was receiving a large amount of atten-tion throughout the State. It was agreed to divide the matter into three heads: First, the care and maintenance of State roads, to communicate so far as practicable with roads from adjoining States, with the ultimate idea of Federal highways; second the county-road system, and third, the care of the ordinary town highway. After the adjournment of the Legislature it is the intention of the committee to visit all parts of the State in search of informa-tion.

AN ANTI-CORRUPTION MEASURE.

Albany, April 4.-The Codes Committee of the Assembly will report favorably to the House the Chapman bill, making it a misdemeanor for a candidate for public office to expend in his canvass an amount

HARD WORDS IN THE SENATE.

MR. O'CONNOR SNEERS AT MR. LEXOW

THE TIFF OCCURRED DURING A DEBATE ON THE TOBIN DRESSED STONE LAW, AND PERSON ALITIES WERE EXCHANGED LEXOW

> CARRIED HIS POINT. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE,]

Albany, April 4 .- "The Senator, in his own estimation, weighs several tons." This remark was addressed by Senator O'Connor to Senator Lexow this afternoon in a debate on the Tobin Dressed Stone law. Senator Lexow, who is a lightweight, physically, laughed at Senator O'Connor's remark, and took it goodnaturedly, but the other Senators were rather surprised that the two men, who are good friends, should have a difference of opinion that would nduce one of them to make such a remark, even

bill of Assemblyman Tobin, of New-York, amend-Stone law of 1894. That law, it will be remen exempts crushed stone and paving blocks from the provisions of the Dressed Stone law of 1894.

Senator Lexow moved that the bill be mitted to remain in the bill. Moreover, the dealers of other States competed harmfully with the Senator Cantor said it was plain from Senator

Lexow's speech and motion that he desired to "The original Tobin bill," said Senator O'Con-

the eyes of the workingmen.

Senator Lexow then appealed to the Senate to have the courtesy to send the bill back to the committee-room for a hearing. This appeal to "the courtesy of the Senate" proved irresistible, and the bill was recommitted.

A NEW CITY SCHOOL SYSTEM. PAVORABLE REPORT ORDERED ON A RELL TO

Albany, April 4.—The Assembly Committee on Albany, April 4. The Assembly Committee on Fubile Education to morrow will report favorably a compromise bill to govern the New-York City school system. It provides that the present Board of Education shall hold office until June 1 next, when the Mayor is to appoint a new board of twenty-one members. The board is to appoint a city superintendent of schools and twenty division schools are to be selected from an eligible list by
the division superintendents and appointed by the
board. The hoard is to appoint a superintendent
of school buildings. The power of condenning
schoolhouse sites is lodged with the board.

The present ward trusters are legislated out of
office, and new ones are to be appointed by the
Board of Education, to take office July 1. No
tencher is to be transferred from one division to
another without the beachers consent. The
powers of the ward trusters.

WORK OF THE SENATE. THE COHOES ELECTION BILL REPASSED PROG-HESS OF OTHER PILLS.

Albany, April 4.-At the opening of the Schat handed down resolutions against the Espartics E, of New-York.
The Cohoes Election bill, which was approved

by the Mayor and disapproved by the Common Council, was repassed, the question being: "Shal this bill pass, in spite of the veto". The follow ing bills were reported favorably:

ing bills were reported favorably:

Mr. Brush's, giving veterans exemption from competitive Civil Service examinations for places in the public service paying under H per day.

Mr. Clarkson's, making the price of gas uniform in Brooklyn at the process price.

Senator Reynolds's bill, vesting all Kinus County rights in the city of Brooklyn, also, apportuning the cost of a sear on Fifteenth at, Brooklyn, also, authorizing the Mavar of Brooklyn to investigate city departments; also, providing for the paying of Ocian and Bay Parkways.

Mr. Proughton's, providing for the annual celebration of Memerial Pay in Brooklyn.

Mr. Audett's, making Brooklyn tax collections begin in January.

Mr. Abdett's, making Brooklyn tax collections begin in January.

Mr. Wieman's, empowering the Board of Audit in Brooklyn to engage expert accountants.

When the Judicial Department tail was reached When the Judicial Department bill was reached Senator Persons tried to amend it by substituting Buffalo for Rochester as a place for holding the General Term. The amendment was voted down —ayes, 5; noes, 19. The bill was then passed ayes, 25; noes, 2. Other bills passed were:
Senator Collins's, closing barber shops on Sunday, except in New-York and Saratoga.
Senator Kilburn's, amending the banking law so that sayings and discount banks hereafter organized cannot be in the same building, also, prohibiting a majority of stockholders in one curporation from being a majority in another.

Seinfor Robertson's Peckstill charter amendments.

Senator Robertson's Peekstill charter amendments.

Schator McMahen's, increasing the force in the District-Attorney's office in New York by two assistant district-attorneys, at V.2. salary each. Mr. Gardenier's, relative to the selection of Grand Jurors in New-York.

Senator Ahearn's, amending the law relative to the acquisition of sites for New-York City police buildings.

Senator Robertson's, relative to the duties of the Sheriff of Westenester County.

Sonator O'Comor's, for issuing \$1,000,000 bonds for street reparing in New-York.

Mr. Abell's relative to contracts in Brooklyn.

Mr. Wray's, remitting interest on Tompkins ave, assessments in Brooklyn, also, prohibiting railroads on Lefferson-ave., Brooklyn, also, prohibiting railroads on deferson-ave, Brooklyn, also, prohibiting railroads on Lefferson-ave, Brooklyn, also, prohibiting railroads on Lefferso

said he feared it was a covert attack on the law, and he did not believe the Senate could afford to do The bill was sent back to committee for a

hearing. Senator Raines offered the amended Ballot Reform bill. He said the amendments made no material changes. The bill was placed on the third-

Among the bills introduced were:

Among the bills introduced were:

By Senator Childs, providing for improving streets and public places in Long Island City.

By Senator O'Connor, amending the New-York Consolidation act relative to charities.

By Senator Farker, a concurrent resolution amending the Constitution so as to prohibit prison labor on contracts and requiring the Legislature to provide for the employment of convicts as far as possible on public works or in making supplies for State institutions.

POLICE JUSTICES DEFENDED.

HEARING ON THE BILL TO REMOVE THEM.

ELERIDGE T. GERRY, MISS FOSTER, THE "TOMES ANGEL," AND OTHERS SPEAK WELL OF

ing children. He asserted that the justices Senator O'Connor asked what those people who

Secretary Newton, who said he represented those who favor the bill, asserted that it was most important legislation, and had been adopted by a majority of States in the Union. The Rev. Dr. Strong, of New York, asserted that the school teachers had been ignorant and disabelient as regards the law. It had been elseven years on the statute books and never had been enforced, hence the need of a penalty. Mrs. Mary Hunt, for the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, strongly urged the passage of the bill. The committee will give a further hearing on the measure.

"Very little," replied Mr. Gerry. Senator Lexow asked if some of the judges could not be criticised. The reply was that Mr. Gerry had no knowledge of such cases.

Senator O'Connor asked if the peculiar features of

Senator O'Connor added: "I have been told that

the bill were not really anti-Catholic, and Mr. Gerry

mothing has been seen of the sloop in those waters. Dispatches from Fort Myers and Punta Gorda, at which the sloop might have touched, also state that nothing has been seen of her. Still there is no alarm felt at Palm Beach, whence the sloop sailed, for her or Messrs. Ziegler and Wells. The sloop is cruising somewhere among the Florida Keys, and those on board having a good time, without doubt.

The Times-Union" to-night received the following from Palm Beach:
The story of the Robinson Crusoe being lost is a fake of the silllest kind, sent from here by the correspondent of a Jacksonville paper, based on nothing whatever. It is considered an outrage here. The Times-Union's correspondent has just heard from all points south between here and Biscayne hay, Key Largo, etc., and there is absolutely no Editor "Gazetteer."

Editor "Gazetteer." THE ASSEMBLY'S ROUTINE. BILLS THAT HAVE GONE THROUGH THE LOWER HOUSE AND OTHERS THAT HAVE THE

JOURNEY AREAD OF THEM.

The state of the New-York Department. The Speaker state that the measure had been significantly and the state of the source of the New-York Free Department. The Speaker stated that the measure had been kept four days over the constitutional fifteen days from the Speaker stated that the measure had been kept four days over the constitutional fifteen days from the Speaker street and the state of the Speaker street had been kept four days over the constitutional fifteen days from the speaked.

Among the bills introduced wave?

By Mr. Wills, for the payment by New-York City to the Narsony and child's Heapital of £ a week for every destinate warms admitted into its.

COLUMEIA ALPLAY.

C. M. GARRINER. Editor 'Gazetteer,' Editor 'Gazetteer,' and substantial many other in the country.

Editor 'Gazetteer,' and substantial discretization of the boundary of the brownstone for the story of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the capture of his drawning in Biscayne Bay by the many of the bowning in Biscayne Bay by the mission of the South by the disputation of his beautiful disputation of the bowning from the South hydronic causes. It was disputation of the business, respectively the history of his business, respectively the first hour thanks the property of the sale of the particular histo



about their own health and that of their husbands. A man's physical well being is closely watched by a thoughtful wife. It is part of her duty in the world to keep him well. If she sees him running down, she should take measures to stop it. Very few men enjoy being sick. They won't admit even to them Senator Robertson's, relative to the duties of the should take measures to stop it. Very few men cujoy being sick. They won't admit even to them selected to the officer shall not expend for political purposes more than 29 per cent of the salary derived from the office.

HEARING ON THE LLOYDS BILL.

Albary, April 4.—The linsurance Committee of the Assembly held its most important meeting this session this atternoon. The bill under consideration was that of Assemblyman Malby, placing the Lloyds insurance companies under the supervision of the State Superintendent of Insurance, J. D. Kernan, of Utica, representing Lloyds of New-York City; J. W. Fitzgerald and W. E. Eifson, of New-York City; J. W. Fitzgerald and W. E. Eifson, of New-York, appeared in opposition to the bill. The insurance Committee, explained that there was no disposition on the part of those favoring the hill to prevent the Lloyds from doing business. The observer in the Lloyds from doing business in Brooklyn, also, problibiting railroads on the Lloyds in the

parameter and a second second

TEMPERANCE EDUCATION.

HEARING ON THE BILL TO MAKE IT COM-

PURSORY:

Albany, April 4.—The Senate Committee on Lif-rature this afternoon heard arguments on Mr.

Alasworth's bill making compulsory the law pro-viding for teaching in public schools the evil results

terrained opposition to the measure, led by Super-intendent Skinner, of the Department of Public Instruction; Professor Sherman Williams, Dr. Heary

esented the school teachers, and asserted that

cretary Newton, who said he represented those

he idea advanced on the subject by the Woman's

bristian Temperance Union was unpractical and

proper in the public schools, and was not necessary

CITY BILLS FAVORED.

embly will report favorably these bills:

Albany, April 4.-The Cities Committee of the

Geason's, providing that the erection of sheds harves in New-York shall be under the super-of the Department of Docks. Weman's, dividing Brooklyn into seven Alder-districts.

MR. ZIEGLER PROBABLY SAFE

HIS YACHT REPORTED IN THE NEIGH-EORHOOD OF KEY WEST.

AND TO HAVE BEEN SPOKEN BY THE MAIL BOAT BUNNING TO BISCAYNE BAY-ALL ON

BOARD WERE WELL.

Palm Beach, Fla., April 4.—The rumor that

ing by Captain Bradley, of the schooner Pearl,

which arrived here about I a. m. from Biscayne

ing Biscayne Bay, the mail boat which runs

between Key West and Biscayne Bay arrived and reported speaking the Crusoe about six hours out from Key West. She was then run-

ning under single-reefed sails and was bound

sloop Robinson Crusoe had been sighted off Key

West is doubted. "The Times-Union's" Key West correspondent has just telegraphed that

nothing has been seen of the sloop in those

the Hotel Brunswick last night, gave a "smoking

concert," the music for which was furnished by the college Mandolin Pand and the Alumni Glee Club. George G. De Witt, '67, presided, and Dean

Van Amringe, of the School of Arts, and Professor

Peet, the coach of the university crew, also addressed the meeting, talking on college athletics and the crew. The meeting was called largely to interest the alumni in the crew, toward the support of which the association has pledged \$3,000.

THE REPORTED PULP COMBINATION. It was said at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co. yesterday that that firm was not behind the pulp-manufacturers' combination in New-England, as re-

K. B. Fullerton, the vice-president of the Manu-

s any truth in this report, but I will say that no

is any truth in this report, but I will say that no foreign capital has been invested in the reported pulp manufacturing combination."

Mr. Armstrong, vice-president of the New-York Pulp and Paper Company, said: "There have been rumors about such a syndicate having been formed, but I do not believe that it affects the New-England mills. I know that an offer has been made for the Fox River mills, but I don't know by whom the offer was made."

BAPTISTS DISCUSS THE MODERN LIBRARY.

right. The subject of the evening was: "The Rela-

tion of the Modern Library to Education and the

City." The speakers were Herbert Putnam, librar-tan of the Boston Library; Melville Dewey, of Al-bany, and James C. Carter.

A HANDSOME GIFT TO LICK OBSERVATORY.

S. Holden, of Lick Observatory, to-day received a

cable dispatch from England, saying that Edward

Crossley, the well-known amateur astronomer, had

decided to give to Lick Observatory his 35-inch re-necting telescope, with its dome and all apparatus

complete. The donor only supulates that it shall

San José, Cal., April 4 (Special).-Director Edward

The Baptist Social Union of Manhattan Island held a "ladies' meeting" at the Hotel Savoy last

"I do not care to say whether or not there

facturers' Paper Company, said to a Tribune re-

ported from Boston.

M. Butler, spoke on college topics, William R.

for Key West. All on board were well. Jacksonville, Fla., April 4.—The report that the

Bay. Captain Bradley reports that before leav-

loop Robinson Crusoe had been wrecked

Largo, and William Ziegler and all on to drowned, was pronounced false this morn-

R. Sanford and Professor E. D. Downing.

of the children.

"Silver Plate that Wears."

Chafing Dish Recipe Book Free

Send for a copy. Printed handsomely, and containing 40 reliable recipes, Published in connection with our general silverware business—the largest in the world. A Meriden Britannia Co. Chafing Dish is "a thing of beauty."

MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO., 208 Fifth Avenue and 46 East 14th St., New York, de manuem manuem

lying-in wards and \$10 a month for each child born in the institution and maintained there.

By Mr. Audett, F. F. Clark's last year's bill redividing the Brooklyn judicial districts.

By Mr. Abell, enabling towns, cities and villages to use secret-ballot-distributing and automatic-registering machines at elections.

By Mr. Tobin, providing that cars on street railroads in New-York and Brooklyn operated by electricity or crible shall have fenders attached, so as to prevent the carwheels from running over persons. By Mr. Maiby, authorizing the Jewellers League of New-York City to reincorporate as a fraternal beneficiary society under the name of the Jeweller's League of New-York.

By Mr. Hamilton, extending the Mechanics' Lien law's provisions to work done under franchises granted by minicipalities.

By Mr. Niles, providing that in New-York City trial jurors shall be selected from among the persons who did not vote at the preceding fall election until the list of such persons is exhausted, when voters may be called upon to serve. D. LINDENBORN, Auctioneer. Broadway. GETTING NEAR THE END!

TC-DAY—TWO TO SIX, ABSOLUTE AUCTION

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POTTERY FORCELAIN, DRUCA-BRAC,
COLLECTION OF IVORY MINIATURES,
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be called the Crossley Reflector, and that the cost of transporting it across the ocean be borne by Lick Observatory. This big reflector has been mounted at Halifax. England, but the climate is so humid that the best results cannot be secured. The Lick Observatory was built for both refractor and reflector, but the endowment was not large enough to purchase more than one. With this new glass the observatory on Mount Hamilton will be better equipped than any other in the country.

Pittsburg, April 4.-A meeting of all the day

aborers, machinists and blacksmiths in the employ of the Carnegie Steel Company at Homestead has been called for to-morrow night to protest against a change in the working hours, which the company posted up to-day. The new schedule makes the time for the work between 7 a. m. to noon, and from 12:45 p. m. to 6 p. m. The hours now in force are from 6:50 a. m. to noon, and from 12:30 p. m. to amaignmated lodges the men are more independent and may take a determined stand against the new schedule of hours. :30 p. m. Since the secret organization of the six

TEN EYCK PRIZE SPEAKING.

New-Haven, April 4.—The annual Ten Eyck prize speaking, or the junior exhibition at Yale took place this afternoon. The list of speakers and subjects was: The Oratory of the Revolution and of the Civil

War Compared," Howl and Twombly, Newton, Mass.; "Revocation of the Edict of Nantes," Louis H. Porter, Stamford, Conn.; "Revocation of the Edict of Nantes," Anson P. Stokes, jr., New-York; "Oliver Wendell Holmes," Philip C. Peck, Hudson, N. Y.; "Revocation of the Edict of Nantes," Emory Hawes, New-York; "Defects in the Constitution of the English House of Lords and of the American Senate," Frederick F. Bennett, Hartford; "Revoca-tion of the Edict of Nantes," Christopher B. Cole-man, Springheld, Ill., and "Revocation of the Edict of Nantes," George S. Buck, Buffalo, N. Y. The first prize, 30, was awarded to Anson Phelps Stokes, ir., of New-York, chairman of the board of editors of "The Yale News."

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